

TRINITY COUNTY

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

BUILDING - ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH - PLANNING 61 AIRPORT ROAD, P.O. BOX 2819, WEAVERVILLE, CALIFORNIA 96093 PHONE (530) 623-1354, FAX (530) 623-1353

Kim Hunter, Director

MEMORANDUM 2

DATE:

March 24, 2021

TO:

Planning Commissioners and members of the public

FROM:

Kim Hunter, Director of Planning

SUBJECT:

Item 1 MODIFICATION/REVOCATION OF CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT (-

97-32) Comment Received

In this memo: Comment inadvertently not included in Memo dated March 23, 2021

Liz McIntosh, District 4
Agenda Item Re: Smith Pit Tailings
3-21-21

Dear Commissioners,

I am a former employee and parent of 2 children who go to Junction City Elementary School and I live about 3,000 feet from this operation (as a crow flies). There is nothing simple or straightforward about this project that spans well over 20 years. After weighing out all of the evidence and history of how the businesses have been operated and the lack of enforcement from the county, it seems to me that the most legal and ethical pathway forward is to revoke this permit entirely.

This project started out as something the community could support ONLY with conditions to mitigate impacts. It was highly controversial when the current permit was granted in 1997. But the community went forward in good faith because (1) the intended goal to return this land to an Open Space corridor for wildlife and recreation benefited the environment and the surrounding residents; and (2) because Phase I was more than halfway completed and shown to be done in accordance with all that was promised by the original land owners and operator. Unfortunately, operations changed after the 1997 approval and sadly, all these years later, reclamation never even began on Phase II.

Due to business decisions and goals, this reclamation project has become an industrial enterprise, located in a neighborhood, with the elementary school as one of the closest neighbors, off a road that is the only ingress and egress to hundreds of residents. By brazenly flouting the conditions of the permit, this project is now more of a public nuisance than any benefit it offers. It has created an atmosphere that is detrimental to public health, safety and welfare. These are all grounds for revocations under Trinity County's Use Permit ordinance (Ord. 315 Section 32).

I think it's equally important to acknowledge that Trinity County, as the lead agency, has completely failed in its responsibility to enforce this permit. Had there been the resources and resolve to appropriately regulate this project, from the beginning, none of us would be here today. Businesses that do not follow the law coupled with regulators who do not enforce it - is a recipe for catastrophe and litigation. This is a scenario where we all lose. In my opinion, your vote to revoke, severs this cycle of exploitation and complicity.

It is not lost on me that revoking this license leaves a mess over there without a solution for clean-up. However, I'd argue that finding a solution is not the question for today, nor is it a reason to continue holding hands with and enabling non-compliance. Allowing amendments with the same players in place, begs for the same result. Further, it would send a loud and clear message that Trinity County doesn't uphold their own laws. It tells operators of all businesses that you don't need to ask permission, you can just ask for forgiveness, and that is a dangerous precedent to set. That mountain of material is there, because the county allowed it to be there without following proper protocols. Perhaps another entity will come along to do the job right, or the county can find another way to clean it up. In the meantime, Junction City is no stranger to rock piles and we would rather see those piles sit there than to support going forward with a business that has no history of following the law.

I'd like to spend the rest of this letter detailing some of the ways we've experienced and found breaches of the current permit. To begin, I think it is important to know that approving the current permit was very controversial from the start. To illustrate this, as well as to shed light on the intentions of the original land owners, here is an excerpt from the Planning Commission minutes of November 13, 1997:

Dixie Capelli-Fullerton, resident of Junction City, said she lives about a mile up on the hill across from the Eagle Rock mine. She said there is nobody to monitor the dust and noise of Eagle Rock right now. She doesn't think they will monitor dust and noise on Smith's property either. She said the dust does not dissipate. It stays in the lungs forever. She said we need to start thinking of our children. We need to focus on the younger generation. We need to focus on keeping money in the county but we also need to think of our children.

Jim Smith, owner of the property, said his property lies on both sides of the river. The Capellis live 4 four miles away. Smith said the gravels in these tailings are unique and meet or exceed Caltrans requirements. There are few tailing piles on private land in the county. The land use designation and zoning are right for this project. We are making a reasonable request. This type of project was even mentioned in the Junction City Community Plan. The material will be hauled to Weaverville. To give you an idea of the operation, the operator's annual needs are 15,000 cubic yards. He uses two trucks. It would take about 17 full weeks of maximum use of the trucks to haul 15,000 cubic yards. They will only be hauling about 900 cubic yards a week. The concern over the truck traffic has been blown completely out of proportion. The plan meets the needs of the school. The peak use of the trucks will be during summer vacation. The bulk can be hauled in summer. Smith said he believes the removal of the tailing piles will enhance the area and will improve habitat for wildlife. There is neither food nor cover now. There will be some noise and some dust, but it will be at a low level. This operation will not generate the noise of Caltrans. It will be less offensive than the county operation less than a mile away. They screen and crush with no noise protection. No one seems to be offended by that. Smith said he went out and circulated a petition himself for people in favor of the project. He said he found it interesting that most

November 13, 1997

Planning Commission Agenda

Page 3

people when presented with the facts found no trouble in signing his petition. In fact some of the people who had previously signed the petition against the operation, signed my petition. They said they were misinformed. We are talking about eleven jobs that are on the line. There are 72 contractors that rely on this material. The families of these workers spend much of their money in Trinity County. We believe this is a reasonable request and urge approval.

The residential impacts of this project are so much greater than just the properties that are closest to it. Because of the site's particular location on the river bar and its low elevation, an amphitheater effect is created, causing the sound to bounce around the canyon. As you've heard community members voice in the past, there are people living thousands of feet away reporting that the sounds and light can be as loud and bright as if it was right next door to them; but then there are others who are close but do not really feel that impacted at all. This dynamic causes the impacts to be felt differently everywhere. A recent example of this was when Trinity Sand and Gravel did their sound study and the two neighbors who had the highest sound readings had to be included in the study upon request because neither was close enough in proximity to be automatically included.

The business owners have not only been unwilling to operate within the boundaries of their permit but they have not followed through on reclaiming this land. The final approved reclamation plan states that Phase I would reclaim approximately 3 acres and Phase II would reclaim 6 for a total of 9 acres and 350,000 cubic yards of material to be reclaimed with a proposed termination date of 2020. Here we are in 2021 and only 2.4 acres of Phase I have been reclaimed and an additional 500,000 cubic yards have been added to the site. Other contract

breaches include:

Operational Actions	Broken Conditions
Up to 2 portable rock crushers used on and off over the years. Acknowledged by prior operator at public meeting. Also recognized in proposed amendment application of 9/2019 and 2018 inspection reports from NCUAQMB (attached).	Condition #1 "All mining operations and activities; method of mining and equipment used; and area to be mined shall be those described in the approved final reclamation plan."
Evidence and acknowledgment of wash plant and ponds being used as well as installation of truck scale (see attached 2014 inspection report from Trinity County Department of Transportation) Maintaining a bone pile of equipment, parts, scrap	Reclamation plan states on page 13 "Actual mining activity will consist only of gravel extraction, screening, and temporary stockpiling. No rock crushing, washing, or asphalt production is proposed on-site. The screened product will be transported to the operator's existing plant facility in Weaverville for processing into concrete aggregate,
metal and garbage. Routine operation on weekends and legal holidays.	road construction products, and fishery habitat restoration material." It is further stated on page 13 "There is no provision
	for a "bone pile" of unused equipment on this site. All unused equipment will be removed from the site." Condition #4 "The reclamation plan shall be amended
	if site conditions, mining operations, or other activities necessitate a reevaluation of mine operations and reclamation"
*Note: regulatory oversight of this project was meant to be housed in the Planning Department but changed to the Department of Transportation sometime around 2010. How is it appropriate to allow DOT to regulate businesses they may contract for bid with?	Condition #6 "This is primarily a "scoop and haul" operation. The only onsite processing permitted is the use of one (1) portable, temporary screening unit"
Contracting with Caltrans in January 2017 to bring an estimated 500,000 cubic yards of slide material to the site. This mountain of material is situated partially within the 100' buffer as can be seen in the last map for the amendment proposal 9/2019 (attached) Attempting to contract with Caltrans again in January 2019 to bring in 30-40,000 cubic yards of material	Condition #10 "The permittee (operator) shall not operate within one hundred (100) feet of the Trinity River riparian corridor during the period of September through April each year. During the remainder of the year (May through August) I the operator shall observe a setback of thirty (30) feet from the riparian area."
known to have high concentrations of lead.	Other conditions violated include #'s 1, 4 and 6
Last record of financial assurances update is 2016, prior to Big French Creek Slide. Major site changes necessitating updates to the assurances have occurred from bringing in additional material,	Condition #2 "Operator shall amend the reclamation plan to provide financial assurances in accordance with Public Resources Code Section 2773.1 to ensure that reclamation is performed and completed as described in the approved reclamation plan.

expansion of mining boundary, as well as subdivision of the property and sale of the business.

Initial financial assurances shall be secured, as reviewed and approved by the Planning Director in consultation with County Counsel and the California Department of Conservation, prior to any site disturbance associated with mine operations. Adjustments to the financial assurances shall be made if necessitated by modifications to the project, including, but not limited to, changes in site conditions or the cost of reclamation (ref: PRC, Sec 2773.1 (a)(3)).

Trucks routinely passing the school during pick up and drop off of students, even after being made aware that this was outside of the permit allowance. Pictures attached.

Truck drivers driving too fast and then overusing jake brakes when passing.

The safety and wellbeing of the students was of utmost importance to the school board in 1997. Truck traffic and noise topped the list of concerns. I've attached a letter to the Journal from JCS's CBO at the time that details the promises made to the board on this front.

Heavy activity, amplified by not covering trucks and watering appropriately have allowed untold amounts of fugitive particles to leave the property. One example of this is when the pavement makings have become so indistinguishable that, after numerous complaints, the company has had to repaint the road.

Condition #5 "Hours of operations for the mining activities shall be from 7:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.

Monday through Friday, with no operations to occur during the weekend (Saturday and Sunday) or on legal holidays. Mechanical screening activity, if it occurs, shall cease by 4:00 p.m. each business day. To reduce potential conflict between the proposed commercial truck activity associated with this mine operation and school related pedestrian and vehicle traffic, material hauling on Red Hill Road shall not occur during the morning and afternoon periods when children are coming to or leaving school (one half hour prior to and fifteen minutes after the start of school, and for a 45 minute period after school ends)."

Condition #7 "The haul road and mine area shall be watered as needed during dry periods to control dust and curtail fugitive particulate matter from leaving the property."

At the end of the day, this is only a partial list of broken promises and violations. There are hundreds of documents on this operation that we have received through public record requests. While we don't have the time go through them all, the evidence is out there for those who want it. I ask that you consider the facts, prioritize the safety and wellbeing of the surrounding community and cast your vote in accordance with our zoning ordinance and general plan by revoking this permit for demonstrated, willful non-compliance.

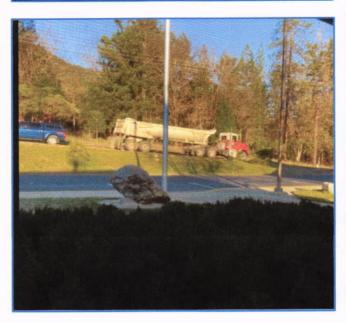
Thank you,

Liz McIntosh

Screen shots from formal complaints made to the Planning Department for violations of Condition #5













PROJECT NARRATIVE Smith Tailings

Project Name: Smith Tailings

Mine Operator: John Judson Buick

Trinity Sand and Gravel, Inc.

* Last known update to amendment proposed, dated September 2019

P.O. Box 21

Weaverville, CA 96093

(530) 949-8757

Owner of Property and Mineral Rights:

SAME

This Use Permit Amendment is to address changes to the existing sand and gravel mine at the Smith Tailings site (CA Mine ID#: 91-53-00-15). The current Use Permit and Reclamation Plan (P-97-32) for the operation were approved by Trinity County on November 13, 1997. Changes at the site from Use Permit P-97-32 include additional processing equipment. This equipment has been onsite for many years. This Use Permit Amendment also addresses revisions to the permitted mining area boundary.

The Smith Tailings site is located northwest of Junction City in Trinity County, California. The permitted mine area includes land on both sides of the Trinity River between Highway 299 and Red Hill Road (County Road #415) in Junction City, California. The general site location is shown on Figure 1. Adjacent properties and their ownership are shown on Figure 3. Mining on the eastern side of the river has been completed and the land reclaimed. Mining activities are currently occurring only on the southwest side of the river in the Phase II area. The mining area is separated from the Trinity River by a riparian buffer and tailing berm.

The mining area consists of dredger tailing originating from gold mining activity occurring in the 1940s. Currently permitted activities at the site consist of gravel extraction, screening, and temporary stockpiling. This Use Permit Amendment includes the addition of processing equipment to site operations. The Use Permit Amendment includes the addition of the rock crusher and gravel washing operations to the site (these activities have occurred for the past 10 to 20 years at the site). In addition, a truck scale was added to the site in 2016. The Site Plan is included as Figure 2A. The location of the equipment is shown on Figure 2B.

Starting in 2017, the operation began receiving material from Caltrans to process onsite in addition to materials extracted on the site. The material includes cleanup material from Caltrans sites of slope failure, cleanup, and other activities. Other activities include all activities associated with slide cleanup along roadways including maintenance, construction, and removal of unstable rock from slopes. This material will no longer be accepted; however, the existing material currently onsite (500,000 cubic yards) will be processed onsite. Caltrans material will be processed in the same manner as the material extracted from the site. Usable aggregate will be processed, and soil and other organic debris will be processed onsite and used for reclamation or exported for recycling. All materials received from Caltrans to date have been usable. The material stockpile is located in the southeast portion of the project site.

In addition, this amendment modifies the Reclamation Plan boundary to encompass the existing operational area of the site. The limits of the mining area included in the 1997 Reclamation Plan were drawn in marker on an aerial photograph and did not include setbacks from any of the property lines. The mining of Phase II of the site began slightly south of mining area drawn on the map. The amended mining area, expanded to include the existing operational area, is shown on Figure 1. The amended boundary adds approximately 6.4 acres to the mining area. Only processing activities will occur in the additional area and no additional ground disturbance will occur in the area outside of the 1997 mining boundary.

Hours of Operation: Hours of operation will be the same as those contained in Use Permit P-97-32. Hours of operation will be 7:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, with no operations to occur during the weekend (Saturday and Sunday) or on State and/or Federal holidays. Processing equipment operations (including crushing) shall cease by 4:00 p.m. each business day. Activities that will occur between 4:00 p.m. and 6:00 p.m. include final shutdown of all equipment as well as servicing and fueling of plant equipment. In addition, the plant will be dug out and prepped for the following day of work. The majority of aggregate processing (including screening, crushing, and washing) will occur between May and September. Minor activity will take place in fall and winter. After processing, approximately one-third of the material will be shipped offsite for sale, while the remaining will be sold onsite. Most of the material will be delivered to customers in trucks. A small percentage (estimated at 10 percent) of customers will come to the site to pick up materials.

Description of Mining and Processing: Extraction methods at the site will continue as described in the current Use Permit and Reclamation Plan for the site. The mining activity consists of the gradual removal of dredger tailings. The estimated annual production of onsite materials contained in the 1997 Reclamation Plan is 15,000 cubic yards and Phase II mining is estimated to produce 350,000 cubic yards of material. The Use Permit and Reclamation Plan include a maximum depth of mining of 15 feet below grade.

The Current Use Permit allows gravel extraction, screening, and temporary stockpiling. Operations onsite also include rock crushing and gravel washing. The mined aggregate material is processed using a crusher followed by screening and gravel washing. Gravel washing is accomplished by pumping water from an existing pond to the wash plant where it is used to wash aggregate. The water is then discharged into a settling pond. Gravel washing has occurred at the site for at least 7 years. Crushing has been ongoing for the last 20 years at the site. The Caltrans material currently stockpiled onsite will be processed in the same manner as materials extracted from the site until it is gone.

Pursuant to the NCUAQMD permit for the aggregate screening/ wash plant, the applicant can screen/wash a maximum of 50 tons of aggregate per hour or 438,000 tons per year.

Truck Trips: Average traffic generated by the project is estimated to include 24 round trips per day. This includes employee trips and haul truck trips. The majority of trips will be haul truck trips (20), while 4 round trips will be generated by employees.

Blasting: No blasting will occur onsite.

Employees: A maximum of four employees will operate the various types of equipment and machinery on the Smith Tailings site.

Equipment List: Equipment to be used at onsite includes:

- Rock crusher with 100-ton/hour capacity (El Jay model 1145)
- Truck scale
- Screening and wash plant
 - o Triple-deck screen
 - o Reciprocating plate feeder
 - o Feed conveyor (Conveyor A)
 - o Cross Conveyor-Inner Conveyor (Conveyor F)
 - o Cross Conveyor-Outer Conveyor (Conveyor G)
 - o Stacker (Conveyor B)
 - o Stacker (Conveyor D)
 - o Gold Bowl and Chute
 - Sand Screw
- Excavators (2)
- Front-end loaders (2)
- Dump trucks (3)
- Water truck

Locations of the stationary equipment are shown on the site plan (Figure 2B). A switch gear trailer, scale house, and storage trailer are also onsite as shown on Figure 2B.

Utilities:

Water Services: No Municipal Services Provider; water for dust suppression and gravel washing is pumped from onsite pond.

Sewer Services: No Municipal Services Provider.

Electricity: Trinity Public Utilities District.

Outdoor Lighting: The use of outdoor lighting will be kept to a minimum and will only be used when required for safety. Lighting will generally not be needed during normal operations since activities will occur from 7:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. Lighting will not change from lighting used at the site during past operations.

If needed, localized and portable lighting will be used. Lighting will be used in the bottom of the onsite depression when possible instead of at the top of stockpile to screen the lights from neighbors. Lights will consist of vehicle-mounted lights or portable light towers. Vehicle-mounted lights or portable light towers direct light only where it is needed and reduce overall lighting usage. Lighting will be equipped with hoods or louvers and aimed toward the ground to avoid causing glare and sky glow as well as spillover.

Noise and Dust Mitigation Measures: The closest residential land uses are located west and northwest of the project area. Mining will continue to be conducted so that there is a "U-shaped" excavation with the open end oriented to the southeast. Maintaining a tailing berm between the mining equipment and nearest receptions will reduce noise and visual impacts of equipment at the

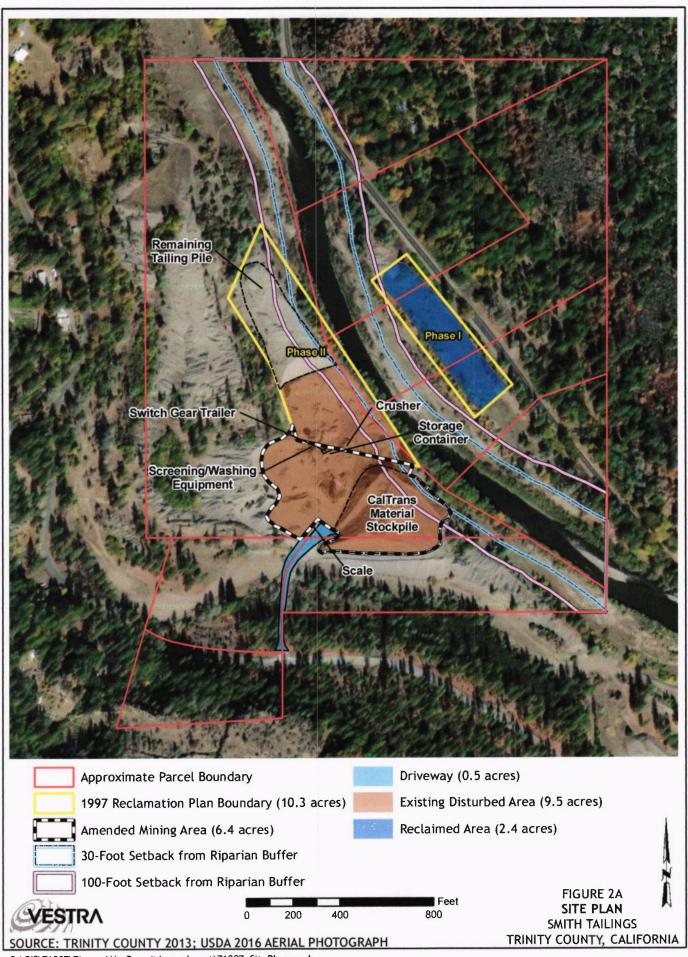
site. The tailing pile is currently tall enough to block the line of sight between processing equipment and nearby residential receptors (greatly reducing noise levels from onsite processing equipment).

Dust control measures required by the NCUAQMD permit for the screening/wash plant include:

- Operation and maintenance of a wet suppression spray nozzle system to control fugitive particulate matter emissions from screens, conveyor transfer points, and conveyor stacker transfers to stockpiles.
- Prior to any loading of materials, the material loaded shall be adequately wetted.
- Exposed areas, inactive stockpiles, or quarried materials that are prone to mechanical or wind disturbance shall be adequately wetted or controlled using 1) dust palliatives or suppressants, 2) paving, 3) wind berms or breaks, or 4) covered with tarps or other material.
- All unpaved areas including access and haul roads, parking lots, and staging areas, or access
 roads shall be stabilized using one or more of the following measures: 1) dust palliatives or
 suppressants, 2) paving, 4) wind berms or breaks, or 4) covered with tarps or other material.
- The speed of any vehicles at the plant site and on access and haul roads shall not exceed fifteen (15) miles per hour. This speed shall be posted on all access and haul roads. For the purposes of this permit, "plant site" means the area that includes all emission units and activities which may produce air contaminants, all stockpiles, staging areas, parking lots and all access and haul roads.

A speed limit of 5 mph is posted on the access road to the site. A 4,000-gallon water truck will be onsite at all times during mining and processing operations. The water truck will apply water every 3 to 4 hours or as needed to ensure that no fugitive particulate matter leaves the property. If deemed necessary, sprinklers will be utilized. Water is obtained from the existing gravel wash pond onsite. The same dust mitigations will be applied to the Caltrans slide material stockpile and crusher operations at the site.

NOA Testing: Materials transported to the site have been tested by Caltrans for asbestos.





RECORDING REQUESTED BY: Trinity County Title Company

WHEN RECORDED MAIL TO AND SEND TAX STATEMENTS TO:

John Judson Buick PO Box 494564 Redding, CA 96049 ORDER NO.

ORDER NO.

ESCROW NO. 61041

APN:

012-120-62 & 63 & 64

Poc # 201800918

Page 1 of 3 Date: 4/2/2018 02:25P

Filed by: TRINITY CO. TITLE CO.
Filed & Recorded in Official Records
of TRINITY COUNTY, CA
SHANNA S WHITE
COUNTY CLERK-RECORDER

SPACE ABOVE THIS LINE FOR RECORDERS USE

Fee: \$404.00

GRANT DEED

THE UNDERSIGNED GRANTOR(s) DECLARE(s)

DOCUMENTARY TRANSFER TAX is: \$385.00

X computed on full value of property conveyed, or

* computed on full value less value of liens or encumbrances remaining at time of sale. In the City of Junction City; and

FOR A VALUABLE CONSIDERATION, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged,

Concrete Aggregate Products, Inc. a California corporation

hereby GRANT(S) to John Judson Buick, a married man, as his sole and seprate property.

the following described real property in the City of Junction City, County of Trinity, State of California:

LEGAL DESCRIPTION ON EXHIBIT "A" ATTACHED HERETO AND MADE A PART HEREOF.

Date: March 20, 2018

CONCRETE AGGREGATE PRODUCTS, INC. A

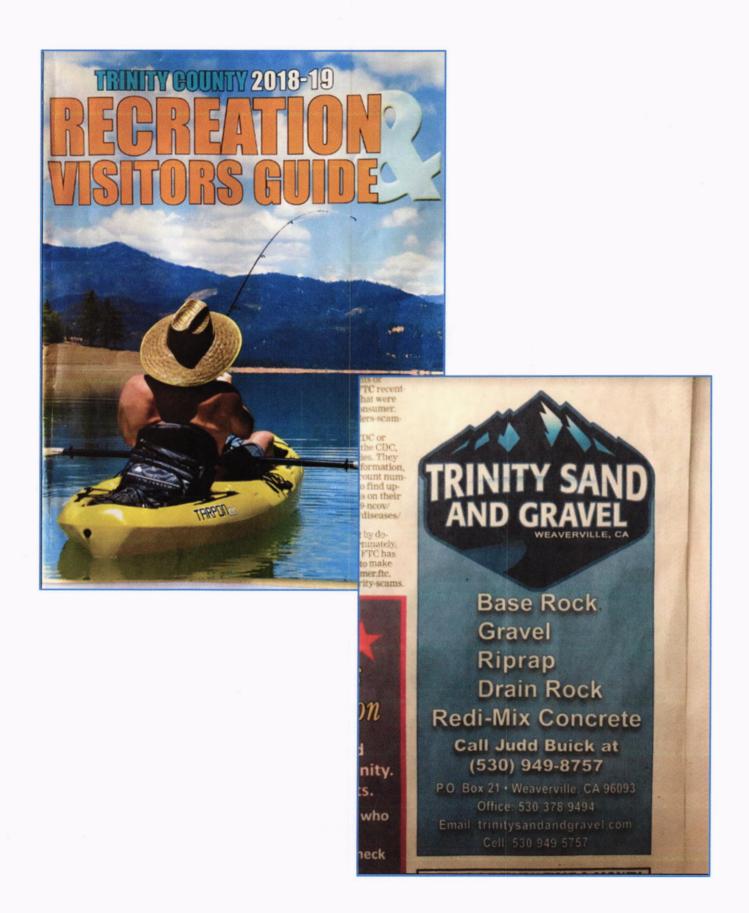
CALIFORNIA CORPORATION

Clint Robison President

MAIL TAX STATEMENT AS DIRECTED ABOVE

*Business changed hands and property subdivided with out updating use permit or financial occurances

File No.: 61041 CA Grant Deed The community was formally notified of the new business owner's intent to amend the use permit in May of 2018. This ad was placed in Trinity County's Annual Recreation & Visitors Guide published in April of 2018:



AGGREGATE PROCESSING PLANT INPECTION FORM

Company: Con Aga (Cruete Aggregate Products) Date: 6/14/18				
Facility I.D. #:452-53 Permit #: 848-2 Contact: Cint Role	ison .			
Facility: Smith Pit Facility Physical Address: APN: 012-120.	32 Red Hill A	ed., J.C.		
Facility Manager: Sonny Facility Phone (530)623-2981 Time I	<u>n</u> :/303 Oı	^{1t:} /506		
EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION:				
1. Is equipment same as described on Permit to Operate?	YES	NO		
If "NO", describe changes:				
2. Is the current Permit to Operate posted on-site & in a conspicuous location?	YES	NO		
EQUIPMENT INSPECTION:				
3. Equipment observed in operation?	YES	NO		
4. Records kept?	YES	NO		
5. Process Rate: 507/h. Annual Production: U	nknou	M		
6. Type of Control Equipment: Spray Bors				
7. Control Equipment Parameters: always Required	/	Actual		
8. Opacity Violations?	YES	NO		
If "YES", describe violation:				
9. Fugitive Dust Violations? Roadways watered > observed If "YES", where: Access Roads Work Area Yard Area Other:	. YES	NO		

AGGREGATE PROCESSING PLANT INPECTION FORM

Page 2

10. Equipment:				Consus mer C
Crusher(s):	#1		#2	
Visible Emissions?	YES NO	D N I / A	YES	NO
Water added?	YES NO) ///	YES	NO
Nozzles clear?	YES NO)	YES	NO
Conveyors(s):	~			
Visible emissions?	YES NO	If yes,	where?	
Water added?	YES NO			
Nozzles clear?	YES	If no,	where are nozzles	clogged?
Screen(s):				
Visible emissions?	YES NO	If yes,	where?	
Water added?	YES NO	o la	e. I no culty e	a manual property
Nozzles clear?	YES NO	If no,	where are nozzles	clogged?
Hopper:				
Visible emissions?	YES NO	0		
Water added?	YES NO	0		
Nozzles clear?	YES NO			
COMPLIANCE ACTIO	ONS:	vingil zeultzeid		
10. Notice of Violation Issue	ed?			YES NO
If "YES", list NOV item	s below:			NOV #:
None				Though though I
	arenomies 1	emt A	7.	A TOX Letter on A Let
Additional Comments:		days.	CO IIIA	6 Ignesia Samuel Cale
One Cross con	veyer u	oas taken	of the	Agg-line.
Water Sprans	moration	no Ensi	n in ann	d works in order
Robison has m	robitine	(2) PE	RP POTTO	Agg-line. d working order tale cushing ome online for PERP Insp.
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1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	100	Ti	LOTI	A PEROLL
monay 6/18/0	Ulo. Sepe	rate repr	Us filed	following.

Date of Inspection: 6/14/2018

Badge #: 106

Inspector: E. Burdner

SURFACE MINING INSPECTION REPORT

IX. List comments/description/sketches to support observations of mine site conditions, including violations. Where any violations are noted, list in numerical order, along with suggested corresponding corrective actions. Also describe preventative measures recommended by the inspector to avoid or remedy potential violations. Indicate if you have attached photos, sketches, and/or notice(s) of violation(s) or other documents to this form. (Add additional sheets as necessary)

Annual Report for 2012 will be submitted to OMR by December 31, 2013.

2014 Inspection
Report conducted
by Janice Smith
of DOT. 4 pages, including

CA MINE ID #

53-0015

Inspection Date:

10/30/2014

Weather Code(s):

CR

Duration of inspection: 0.5 hour

Start Time: 10:30 am

End Time: 11:00 am

Status of Mine Code(s):

OP

Status of Reclamation Code(s):

Approximate Acreage Under Reclamation:

Approximate Acreage the lead agency has determined reclaimed in accordance with the approved reclamation plant

Approximate Total Disturbed Acreage:

1.5 acres

Approximate Pre-SMARA Disturbed Acreage:

6 acres dredge tailings.

Disturbed Acreage identified in Most Recent Financial Assurance Cost Estimate:

1.5 acres

Previous Inspection Date (and Number of Violations then Noted):

10/24/2013 no violations

Violations Corrected? (explain in block to left)

Inspection Attendees and Affiliations:

Janice Smith Trinity County Aaron Robison Concrete Aggregate Products

Additional sheets/documents attached:

DYes

☑No

X. Number of Current Violations:

pectors Signature: como

If inspector is a contractor for the lead agency give license type

State of California DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION OFFICE OF MINE RECLAMATION MRRC-1 Page 1 of 3 (Rev. 09/05)

352.3 1/2tante

SURFACE MINING INSPECTION REPORT

Instructions for completing this form are on the reverse side. Attach notice(s) of violation(s) and order(s) to comply for all observed non-compliance.

I. Mine Name as reported by Operator on Mining (Operation Annual Re	eport	Inspection Date: CA MINE ID#:	
S. 14	- A		10:30 10/30 -11 91-	
Zin (1	Hard		1.017010170	
II. SMARA Lead Agency Name (City or Coulty on	(v) (
(New Scale	hous	e	1 Telephone	
Sellen,	NOC	rush	wash ()	
Title hand hard	tabl	esch	Organization	
Mailing Address	- 1-	7	4.1	
Scree	nin	10	966/014	
Usin 1 Was	te rx	over	Size to bry no up grade	
E-mail Address (Optional)	```			
ctilly	nini	27	Some pilt	
			, ,	
III. Mine Operator Silt 1011 d	is full		* "Corrective Measure"*	
Contact Person huve to chean it out - stockpile ()				
Mailing Address Use for mixwl sand for topsuil				
City State ZIP Code				
E-mail Address (Optional)	1 CVC L	0000	5 then 1x - /month	
Water supply pand well vegetated				
IV. Does the operation have:	P NF	No	Yes	
A permit to mine?	ר		Permit #	
An approved Reclamation Plan?			RP#	
Has the operator filed a Mining Operation Annual Report (form MRRC-2)? Check one: Yes No Unknown				
Is this operation on Federal Land? Check one:				
If "Yes", provide one or both of the Federal Mine Land Identification Numbers below:				
California Mining Claim Number (CAMC#):				
U.S. Forest Service Identification Number (USFS II	D#):			

DISTRIBUTION: Original to Operator. Copies to: State (by Lead Agency), Lead Agency, State (by Operator), and BLM or USFS (if required).

State of California
DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION
OFFICE OF MINE RECLAMATION
MRRC-1 Page 3 of 3 (Rev. 09/05)

:= 3

SURFACE MINING INSPECTION REPORT

VIL is the operation in compliance with provisions of the approved Reclamation Plan with respect to:	ОК	VN	NI	NA	CA MINE ID # 91 -	
Wildlife Habitat	Г	Г	Г	Г	Inspection Date:	
Revegetation	Г	Г	Г	Г		
Agricultural Land	Г	Г	Г	Г	Weather Code(s):	
Stream Protection	Г	٦	Г	Г	Duration of Inspection:	
Tailings and Mine Waste Management	٦	٢	٦	Г		
Closure of Surface Openings	٢	Г	٢	Г	Approximate Disturbed Acreage:	
Building, Structure, and Equipment Removal	٢	Г	٦	٢		
Topsoil Salvage, Maintenance, and Redistribution	٢	٦	٢	Г	Status of Operation Code(s):	
Backfilling, Regrading, Slope Stability, and Recontouring	٦	٦	۲	Г		
Drainage, Diversion Structures, Waterways, and Erosion	۲	Г	١	٦	Status of Reclamation Code(s):	
Other (list or explain below)	٦	١	٢	Г		
VIII. Comments/Description of Violation(s) and Corrective Measure(s) Required [NOTE: please indicate if you have attached notice(s) of violation(s) and correction order(s), in lieu of description on this form): Correct I ve measure Chan out SIH pund						
IX. Number of Violations: Inspector's Signature:				Date	Signed:	

Equipment was operating during inspection.

The mined area is an old tailings pile separated from the river by a 20' high berm.



Material is mined from an old gold mining dredger tailings pile.



Material is sorted on-site.



Silt pond that collects process water from wash plant is full. There will be no more washing this year. Operator will clean out silt pond before next year's operation.



Process water is drafted from on-site pond. Vegetation is maintained around pond and water is clean.



piece waste water racinities and mater Reuse System for the Community of 'Hayfork" and the numbers don't add up. Even Mr. Hair says that they are not right. What I would like to do in the next

"ruth is. So, Mr. Hair, would you please rint in next week's Trinity Journal the true numbers?

These are the numbers I got out of

4. The schools had 185 votes.

f these numbers are wrong, then what are the right numbers? We can't afford to make a mistake on this.

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Junction City petitioners disputed

FROM TANYA MORTIMEYER JUNCTION CITY

I, Tanya Mortimeyer, a 30-year resident of Junction City and the business manager of the Junction City School for 10 years, felt the urgent need to respond to your article related to the rock quarry

project in Junction City

I was amazed that the battle over the proposed dredger pile reclamation plan has taken such a dramatic turn since our school board meeting in July. Considering this article reported on a petition initiated by a few Junction City community members, not the Junction City School, it is reasonable for myself and other staff members to be disconcerted when the article states this petition cites the school as the reason "this is a bigger battle."

Your article states that "Cited in the petition are concerns for the safety of children with trucks making runs up and down Red Hill Road, which leads to the school." This was also a concern of the school board and was addressed at

the board meeting.

Mr. Smith (the owner of the dredger piles) and Mr. Robison (Weaver City :Construction) estimated the number of times the trucks would pass the school was eight times (four times each direc-

After a lengthy discussion between the board and Mr. Robison, it was obvi-

ous that Mr. Robison was more than willing to take every precaution while driving past the school, including not using the Jake brakes so as not to create additional noise. The board also took into consideration the unfairness of prohibiting the two Weaver City Construction trucks from using the public road in front of the school when numerous large trucks, including Amerigas, ProFlame, Sysco, County Road Department, and other construction companies, have use of this same road daily.

A contract between Junction City School and Weaver City Construction was approved unanimously and signed by both parties. The agreement restricts large truck traffic to a minimum during peak pickup and drop-off times because it was felt that this would be the only time students would be near enough to Red Hill Road to pose any danger to

Regarding the article's reference to "the costly computer equipment at the school that will be damaged by dust clouds from the quarry operation," the concerned community members present at the school board meeting mentioned that since the reclamation project on the Highway 299 side had begun, huge dust clouds hang over the school every morning. The staff, who are present every day during the school year, have not noticed any dust clouds.

As for the computers, dust is a daily part of everyone's life when living in the country. The school has not experienced any technology failures because of it since the computers are housed inside the school.

The most disturbing put of this article was the statement that the "petition suggests that two members of the school board who work in construction had a conflict of interest in the vote, and that the supervisors were unduly influenced by the construction workers

present at that meeting."

For the people behind this petition to even suggest that two members of the school board had a conflict of interest when voting is not only ludicrous, but also slanderous. First, who were the construction workers who were unduly influencing the board? Why didn't I see them? The only people present were Mr. Robison (Weaver City Construction), the school board, the community members that are behind the petition, Kathleen Graham (administrator), Susie Sheppard (teacher), and myself (business manager).

The Junction City School Board consists of a special education teacher's aide, a retired PG&E lineman, a realtor, a building contractor, and an Avon representative. No board members are related to Jim Smith or Weaver City Construction, nor do they stand to gain financially by the reclamation project. If the petitioners feel that anyone who would pessibly use rock products (i.e., gravel, cement, etc.) produced by Weaver City Construction should not have been able to vote on the reclamation project use permit, then it would be presumed that no one in Trinity County who plans any construction, landscaping or home improvement project on their property should be allowed to have any say for fear of

being in conflict.

In closing, I would like to address the one comment in the article that pretty much sums up the real reason behind the petition. Marie Deal is quoted as saying, "I don't want the thing there, period" and "I don't think we need three quarries here in Junction City." Well, Mrs. Deal, I am sure there are lots of things Clint Robison and Jim Smith don't want. Topping the list would no doubt be having their private property rights and their right to work to support their families denied by people who feel the need to shut the door behind them.

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